Testing Framework Guide - Siderise RV Cavity Barrier for rainscreen applications

SIDERISE

Siderise RV Cavity Barrier - vertical application

Diagram illustrating the relationship between statutory and industry compliance guidance, classification standards and applicable cavity barrier testing methodologies in England and Wales

Compliance and acceptance of project-specific designs require a holistic review and clarification by the Project Design Team, with support from a qualified and competent Project Fire Engineer.

This framework is based on guidance in Approved Documents B (Fire safety) to outline relevant testing methodologies for cavity barriers used to the rear of rainscreen façade systems.

Where applicable, additional regulatory and industry guidance should also be reviewed. e.g. CWCT TN116.

Building Regulations, 2010, Schedule 1, Part B Requirements B3 (Internal fire spread) and B4 (External fire spread)

Approved Documents B (Fire safety) Volumes 1 & 2, 2019 + 2020, 2022, 2025 amendments

BS EN 13501-2: 2023 (Fire classification of construction products and building elements. Classification using data from fire resistance and / or smoke control tests, excluding ventilation services)

BS EN 1366-4: 2021 (Fire resistance tests for service installations – Linear joint seals)

BS 476-20: 1987 (Fire tests on building materials and structures - Method for determination of the fire resistance of elements of construction (general principles))

To be withdrawn September 2029.

RV Cavity Barrier and Firestop

Functioning as a vertical linear joint seal.

Assessment

ASFP Advisory Note 17
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Position paper on assessments and technical evaluations in lieu of fire testing.
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PFPF Guide to Undertaking Technical Assessments of Fire Performance.

EXAP

BS EN 1366-4: 2021 refers to BS EN 15882-4: 2012 for additional scope and extended field of application rules.

DIAP

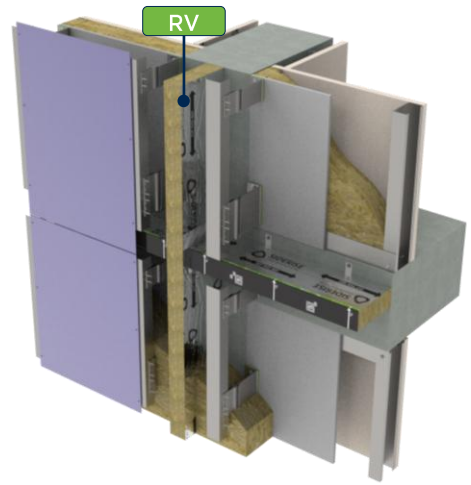
Direct field of application rules to BS EN 1366-4: 2021.
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Listed product parameters as per RV Technical Datasheet

Third-party certification IFCC 1712

Third-party certification remains the **primary** and most appropriate form of product verification confirming that underlying test evidence has been independently assessed and validated by accredited bodies and are publicly available via our website. In line with industry guidance (ASFP Advisory Note 34).

OSCI Open State Cassette Insert

OSCI is a stone wool insert used to infill the depth of profiled cladding and cassette panels to simplify detailing. Installed behind the panel and aligned with the Siderise RV Cavity Barrier, it functions as an insulation insert rather than a cavity barrier. As such, there is no dedicated product-level fire resistance test standard for OSCI, and it is not required to provide a fire resistance performance because the cladding cassette itself is not required to be fire-resisting.



Note:
Image shown is an indicative illustration only to demonstrate a typical rainscreen façade system arrangement.
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The EN 1366-4 test Standard is designed and intended to determine the performance of the linear joint seal itself (i.e. the cavity barrier), rather than the bounding substrates. Options to test with different substrates, directly in accordance with the standard, are limited.

Primary testing and third-party certification, directly in accordance with the standard, is typically concrete to concrete.

The Project Design Team should clarify the overall design, including the bounding substrates.

Where available, Siderise can provide **supplementary** evidence to aid the Project Design Team in their holistic review e.g.

- Siderise cavity barriers used with a range of SFS wall build-ups / sheathing boards, CLT structure.
- Also consider the Siderise large-scale system test library (BS 8414-1, BS 8414-2, NFPA).

Large-scale test library

Compliance and acceptance | Framework | Siderise products Tested to standard | Not relevant to the given application | Explanatory Information | Third-party certification | Being Withdrawn